

ANNEX 2: Map of the four groups of applications

This map illustrates the geographical distribution of four groups of applications across the Central African Republic. The country is divided into several prefectures, each labeled with its name in red capital letters. The four groups are highlighted by colored polygons:

- Group A:** Indicated by a purple polygon, located in the southern part of the country, primarily within the Bangui prefecture.
- Group B:** Indicated by a green polygon, located in the central-eastern part of the country, covering parts of the Kemo and Ouaka prefectures.
- Group C:** Indicated by a blue polygon, located in the western-central part of the country, covering parts of the Ouhang-Pende and Ouhang prefectures.
- Group D:** Indicated by a black outline, located in the far south, along the border with the Democratic Republic of the Congo, covering parts of the Libenge and Betou prefectures.

The map includes various symbols for administrative boundaries, roads, rivers, and specific locations. Neighboring countries shown include Chad to the north, Sudan to the northeast, Cameroon to the west, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo to the south. A legend in the top right corner defines the symbols used. An inset map in the top left shows the location of the Central African Republic within Africa. A scale bar at the bottom right indicates distances up to 150 kilometers.