

**ANNEX 2B**  
**PUBLIC REDACTED VERSION**

## OUTCOME OF REPARATION QUESTIONNAIRE (Annex 2A)

### METHODOLOGY

#### 1. Participant Sample

This assessment is based on responses from 494 participating victims drawn from a broader registered population of 1,592 participating victims. The sample comprises two cohorts: 445 victims from Darfur and 49 Darfurian victims in Chad.

#### 2. Field Missions and Data Collection

The CLRV relied on a strategic combination of direct fieldwork and digital data collection tools:

- Field Missions in Chad: Physical field missions and direct in-person consultations were conducted in N'Djamena and [REDACTED]. These missions were instrumental in developing the questionnaire, expanding outreach, and validating findings.
- Digital Platform (KoboToolbox): Field Assistants and trusted interlocutors administered questionnaires directly on mobile devices and transmitted the data electronically. This enabled to secure participation from victims in various diaspora locations and different areas of Darfur ([REDACTED]).

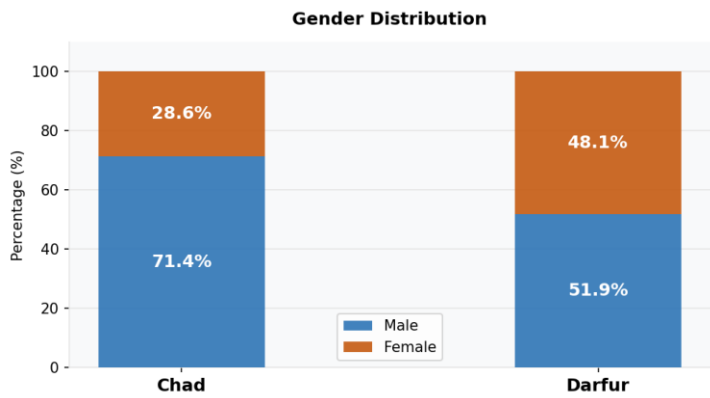
#### 3. Questionnaire

The reparations options suggested in the questionnaire were not predetermined by the CLRV. They were developed and validated through direct engagement with victims during both field missions and online sessions, ensuring the assessment is grounded in lived experience rather than externally imposed categories. Results are presented separately for each cohort to reflect their distinct displacement contexts and needs.

*Note: Data collection is ongoing, with the aim of reaching the largest possible number of participating victims and ensure broad representation.*

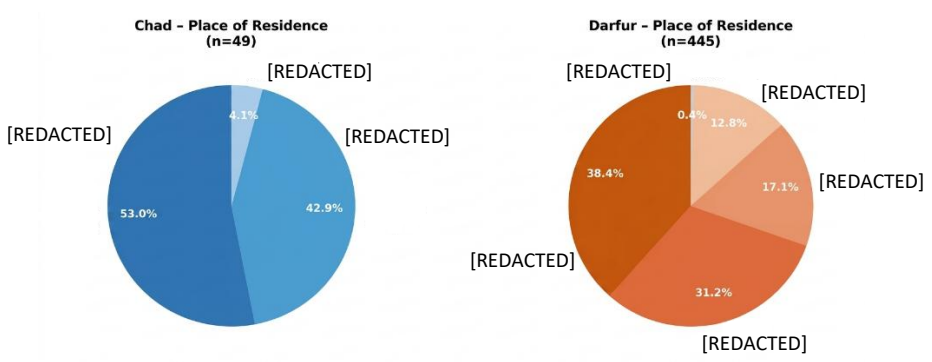
1. RESPONDENT PROFILE

1.1 Gender

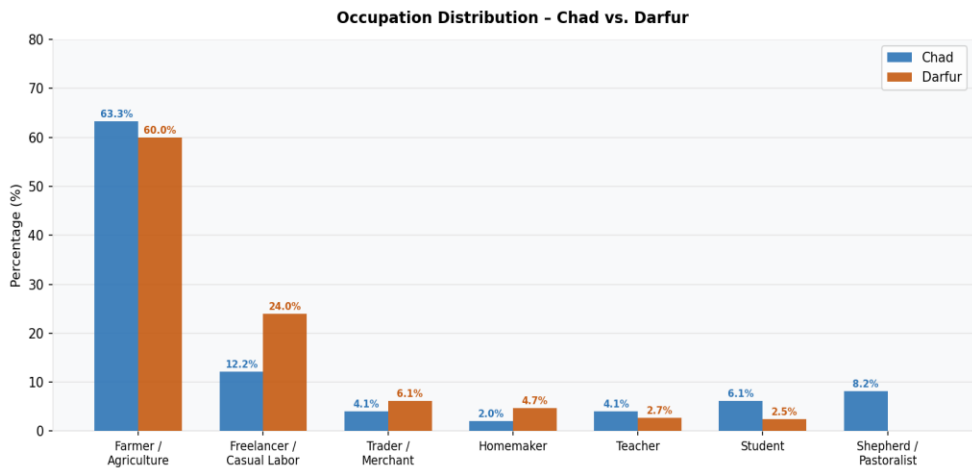


| Gender | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|--------|------------|--------------|
| Male   | 71.4%      | 51.9%        |
| Female | 28.6%      | 48.1%        |

1.2 Place of Residence

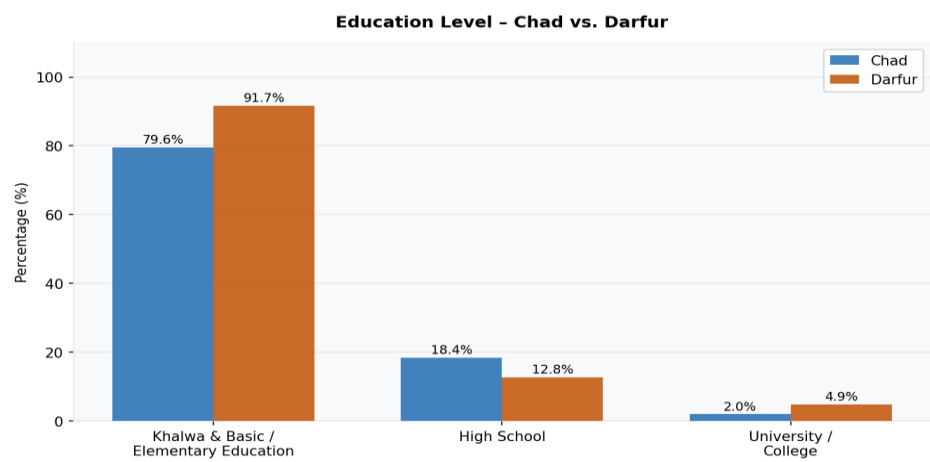


1.3 Occupation



| Occupation                | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|---------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Farmer / Agriculture      | 63.3%      | 60.0%        |
| Freelancer / Casual Labor | 12.2%      | 24.0%        |
| Shepherd / Pastoralist    | 8.2%       | 0.0%         |
| Student                   | 6.1%       | 2.5%         |
| Teacher                   | 4.1%       | 2.7%         |
| Trader / Merchant         | 4.1%       | 6.1%         |
| Homemaker                 | 2.0%       | 4.7%         |

1.4 Education Level

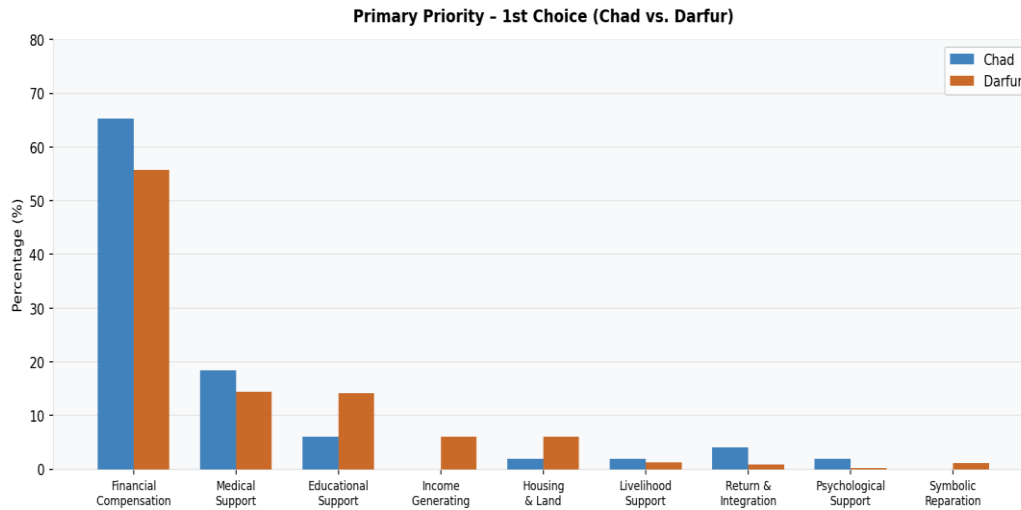


| Education Level                                    | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Khalwa <sup>1</sup> / Basic / Elementary Education | 79.6%      | 91.7%        |
| High School                                        | 18.4%      | 12.8%        |
| University / College                               | 2.0%       | 4.9%         |

<sup>1</sup> Khalwa is an elementary Quranic school in Sudan, where children study and memorise the Quran, learn Arabic, and study Islamic jurisprudence

## 2. REPARATIONS PRIORITIES

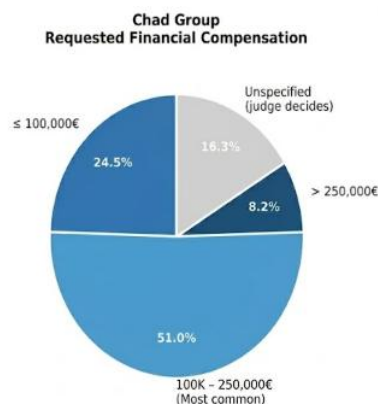
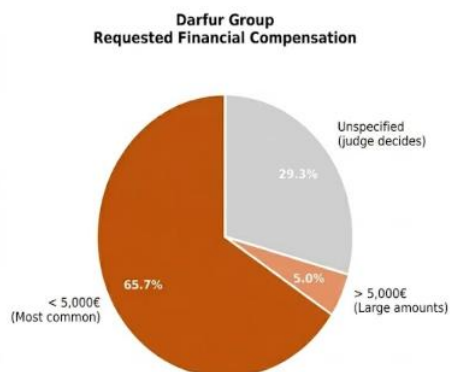
Financial Compensation clearly is the first choice in both groups (Chad: 65.3%, Darfur: 55.7%). Medical Support and Educational Support follow closely in Darfur, while Medical Support is second in Chad.



| Priority (1st Choice)        | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Financial Compensation       | 65.3%      | 55.7%        |
| Medical Support              | 18.4%      | 14.4%        |
| Educational Support          | 6.1%       | 14.2%        |
| Income Generating Activity   | 0.0%       | 6.1%         |
| Housing & Land Solutions     | 2.0%       | 6.1%         |
| Return & Integration Support | 4.1%       | 0.9%         |
| Livelihood Support           | 2.0%       | 1.3%         |
| Symbolic Reparation          | 0.0%       | 1.1%         |
| Psychological Support        | 2.0%       | 0.2%         |

## 3. FINANCIAL COMPENSATION REQUESTED

There is a significant difference in the scale of amounts requested. Chad respondents request amounts in the hundreds of thousands of euros, while Darfur respondents mostly request amounts under €5,000 -- reflecting different economic contexts and cost-of-living standards, not differences in severity of harm.



Chad Group<sup>2</sup>

| Amount Range                      | Chad Group |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| ≤ 100,000 €                       | 24.5%      |
| 100,000 - 250,000 € (most common) | 51.0%      |
| > 250,000 €                       | 8.2%       |
| Unspecified / "Judge Decides"     | 16.3%      |

Darfur Group

| Amount Range                                      | Darfur Group |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| < 5,000 € (small amounts -- 65.7% of respondents) | 65.7%        |
| > 5,000 €                                         | 5.0%         |
| Unspecified / "Judge Decides"                     | 29.3%        |

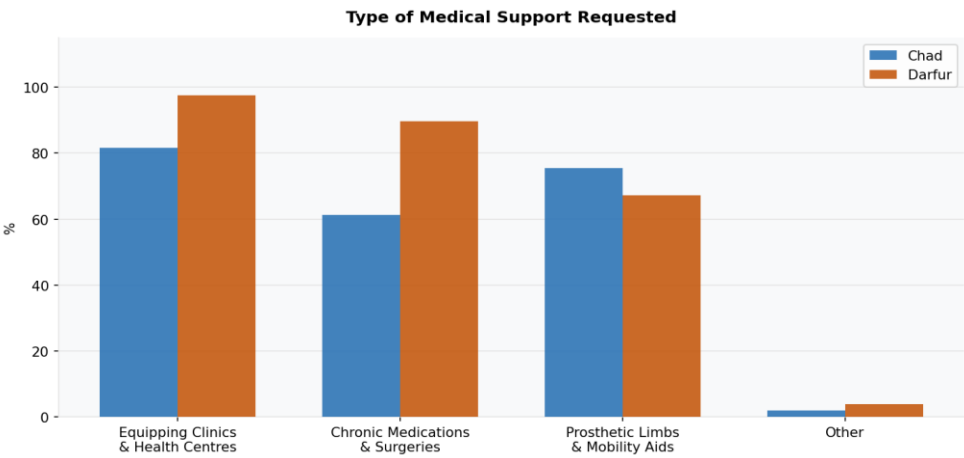
4. MEDICAL SUPPORT

98.0%

of Chad respondents need medical support

99.6%

of Darfur respondents need medical support

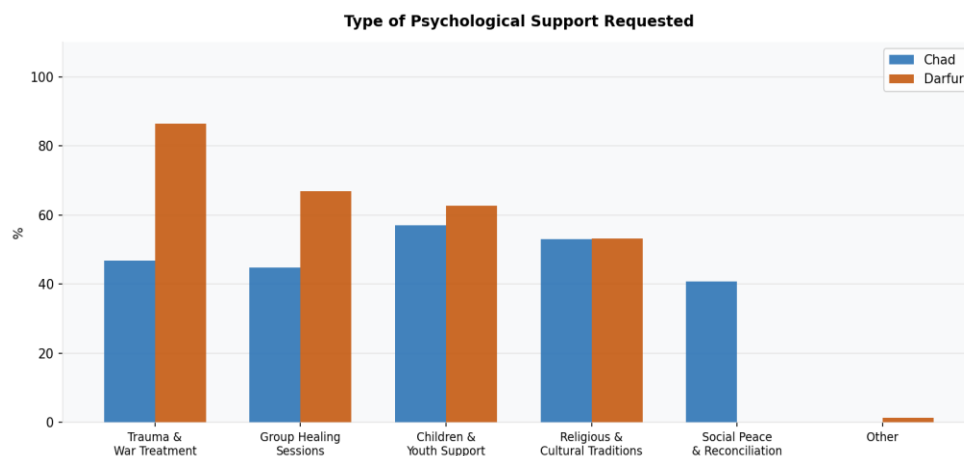
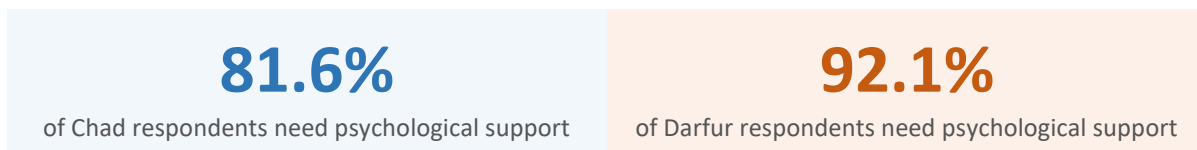


<sup>2</sup> Includes conversions from CFA and USD to EUR. The gap in amounts reflects different local cost-of-living standards and expectations and not differences in the severity of harm.

|                                              | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|----------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Equipping clinics & health centres           | 81.6%      | 97.5%        |
| Chronic medications & surgeries <sup>3</sup> | 61.2%      | 89.7%        |
| Prosthetic limbs & mobility aids             | 75.5%      | 67.2%        |
| Other                                        | 2.0%       | 3.8%         |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

## 5. PSYCHOLOGICAL SUPPORT



| Psychological Support Type                              | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Specialized trauma & war-effects treatment <sup>4</sup> | 46.9%      | 86.5%        |
| Group healing & community discussion circles            | 44.9%      | 66.9%        |
| Psychological support for children & youth              | 57.1%      | 62.7%        |
| Support through religious & cultural traditions         | 53.1%      | 53.3%        |
| Social peace & reconciliation programs                  | 40.8%      | 0.0%         |
| Other                                                   | 0.0%       | 1.3%         |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

<sup>3</sup> Kaltouma (a/10316/22) "I am now an elderly woman, and during the attack on the village, I was beaten with whips and the butt of a gun. This has caused a set of chronic illnesses for me now, and I am stuck at home, completely unable to move"; Adam (a/25090/21) "I have pain of kidney caused by the dirty water that we use to drink during our fleeing and staying at the border, my left hand was cut by sword; Mahamat (a/10199/22): "I am suffering because of gun shot on my head at let side, so the pain is still there".

<sup>4</sup> Hawaye (a/25010/21): "I exposed to rape and I still with pain, as well as I keep remembering that silly time; Khadidja (a/05176/23): "My body is tired, and this is goes back to my rape time."; Saleh (a/25025/21): "As usual I am not able to focus on thing , that means I forget thing earlier which is mean my memory is weak, because of flash back of the ware. So, I need talk that can make me feel calm".

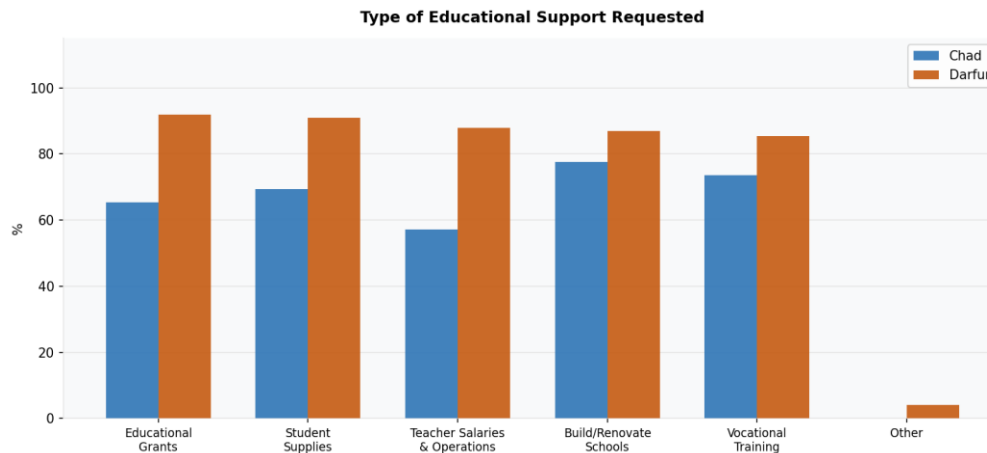
## 6. EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT

**93.9%**

of Chad respondents need educational support

**100%**

of Darfur respondents need educational support



| Educational Support Type                       | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Educational grants & tuition fee coverage      | 65.3%      | 91.9%        |
| Student supplies (books, bags, transport)      | 69.4%      | 91.0%        |
| Teacher salaries & school operational support  | 57.1%      | 87.9%        |
| Building or renovating schools & kindergartens | 77.6%      | 87.0%        |
| Vocational & technical skills training         | 73.5%      | 85.4%        |
| Other <sup>5</sup>                             | 0.0%       | 4.0%         |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

## 7. LIVELIHOOD SUPPORT

**100%**

of Chad respondents need livelihood support

**99.6%**

of Darfur respondents need livelihood support

| Livelihood Support Type                                    | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Agricultural & livestock assets (seeds, livestock, tools)  | 69.4%      | 86.7%        |
| Support for marketing & transporting local products        | 87.8%      | 84.9%        |
| Professional tools for craftsmen (sewing, carpentry, etc.) | 71.4%      | 77.3%        |

<sup>5</sup> Hussein (a/10113/22) "Educational materials related to human rights so that this never happens again."



|                    |      |      |
|--------------------|------|------|
| Other <sup>6</sup> | 2.0% | 2.7% |
|--------------------|------|------|

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

## 8. HOUSING & LAND SOLUTIONS

All Chad respondents (100%) and 96.11% of Darfur respondents indicated a need for housing/land solutions. Chad strongly prefers village reconstruction, while Darfur shows strong demand for temporary housing as well.



| Housing & Land Solution <sup>7</sup>    | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Reconstruction of original villages     | 89.8%      | 76.7%        |
| Decent temporary housing (until return) | 42.9%      | 77.2%        |
| Permanent housing in current location   | 63.3%      | 30.6%        |
| Building materials for repairs          | 40.8%      | 34.4%        |
| Legal ownership documents & title deeds | 59.2%      | 45.0%        |

## 9. INCOME GENERATING ACTIVITIES

|                                                                   |                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>100%</b><br>of Chad respondents need income-generating support | <b>97.1%</b><br>of Darfur respondents need income-generating support |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|

| Income Generating Activity Type                    | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Trading spaces, stalls & local markets             | 71.4%      | 85.2%        |
| Funding for small businesses, grants or microloans | 65.3%      | 79.3%        |

<sup>6</sup> Kaltouma (a/10263/22) "I need modern agricultural equipment, such as a water pump powered by a solar energy system to help irrigate the farm; Kaltouma (a/10318/22) "I work in both summer and winter agriculture, and this process has massive financial costs, especially the cost of fuel and daily labour. I am in need of capital."

<sup>7</sup> Haitham (a/05370/23) "Building the house properly, fully equipped with all essential living necessities; Aisha (a/05549/23) "We want to build a fully integrated house for me and my family to live in."

|                                                                       |       |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Support for value chains (storage, packaging, marketing) <sup>8</sup> | 69.4% | 71.2% |
| Home-based industries / multi-purpose production                      | 57.1% | 69.9% |
| Revival of traditional handicrafts                                    | 36.7% | 52.1% |
| Other                                                                 | 0.0%  | 0.7%  |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

## 10. SYMBOLIC REPARATION

|                                                                       |                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>87.8%</b><br>of Chad respondents need return & integration support | <b>92.4%</b><br>of Darfur respondents need return & integration support |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| Symbolic Reparation Type <sup>9</sup>      | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|--------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Official & public apology                  | 51.0%      | 35.0%        |
| Memorialization (monuments, museums)       | 77.6%      | 81.1%        |
| National Day of Remembrance                | 73.5%      | 72.2%        |
| Programs for social peace & reconciliation | 0.0%       | 2.2%         |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

## 11. RETURN & INTEGRATION SUPPORT

|                                                                      |                                                                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>100%</b><br>of Chad respondents need return & integration support | <b>95.7%</b><br>of Darfur respondents need return & integration support |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|

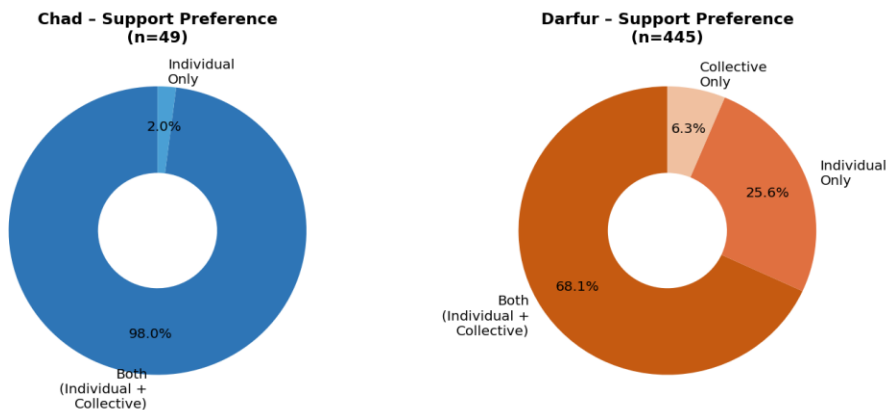
| Return & Integration Support Type                            | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Restoring basic community services (water, markets, clinics) | 87.8%      | 92.4%        |
| Peacebuilding & social reconciliation                        | 65.3%      | 78.9%        |
| Transport allowances & relocation costs                      | 69.4%      | 75.5%        |
| Issuing civil documents (IDs, birth certs, deeds)            | 71.4%      | 69.0%        |
| Other                                                        | 2.0%       | 0.2%         |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

<sup>8</sup> Kaltouma (a/06056/23) "My ideas are related to finding machinery to dry and package fruits and vegetables."

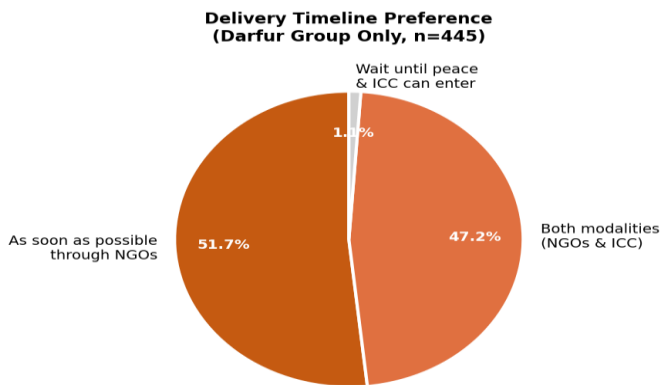
<sup>9</sup> Khalil (a/10111/22) "Protecting the mass graves."

12. SUPPORT PREFERENCES



| Support Preference             | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|--------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Both (Individual + Collective) | 98.0%      | 68.1%        |
| Individual support only        | 2.0%       | 25.6%        |
| Collective support only        | 0.0%       | 6.3%         |

13. Delivery Timeline Preference (Darfur Group Only)



| Delivery Timeline Preference                 | Darfur Group |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------|
| As soon as possible through NGOs             | 51.7%        |
| Both modalities (NGOs & waiting for ICC)     | 47.2%        |
| Wait until peace is restored & ICC can enter | 1.1%         |

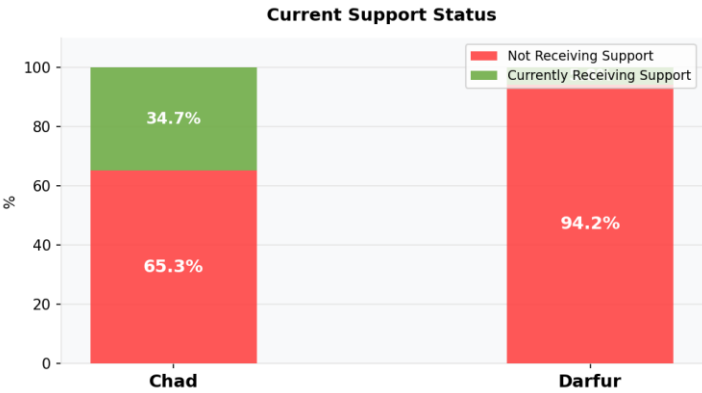
SECURITY OBSTACLES & ACCESS CHALLENGES

| Security Barrier Type                         | Darfur Group |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Active Conflict / Critical Security Obstacles | 38.4%        |
| No Specific Obstacles Reported / Left Blank   | 61.6%        |

Qualitative Barriers Identified (Darfur)

| Barrier Category    | Description                                                           |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Armed groups        | Militia control & RSF presence in key areas <sup>10</sup>             |
| Aid convoy security | Looting & armed robbery of NGO convoys on roads                       |
| Corruption          | Local authority interference and lack of institutional transparency   |
| Access              | Bandits on roads; restricted movement in conflict zones <sup>11</sup> |
| Logistics           | Occasional cash liquidity shortages affecting operations              |

14. CURRENT SUPPORT STATUS

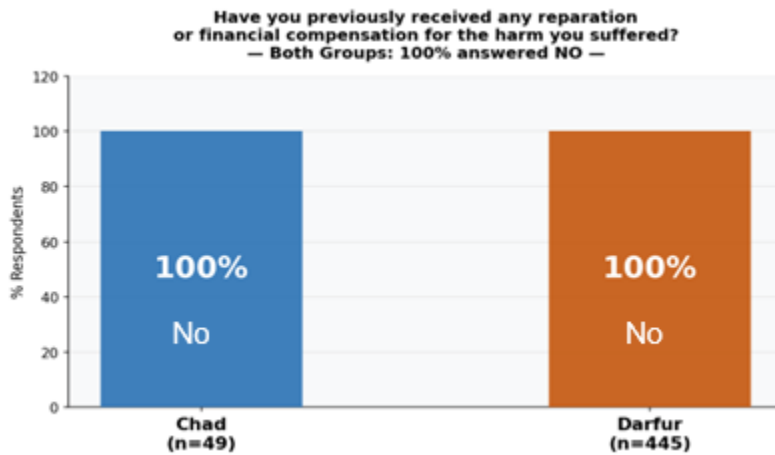


| Support Status                      | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| NOT Currently Receiving Any Support | 65.3%      | 94.2%        |
| Currently Receiving Support         | 34.7%      | 5.8%         |

<sup>10</sup> Moussa (a/05452/23) "The Rapid Support Forces (RSF) are exploiting the organizations, which makes it extremely difficult to reach all the actual beneficiaries."; Yahya (a/10425/22) "The presence of armed men. Because of our prolonged displacement, the area has become a grazing ground for animals, and floods have washed away a large part of our farms; [REDACTED] (a/10428/22) "The physical targeting and continuous attacks against anyone who expresses a desire to return to the village."

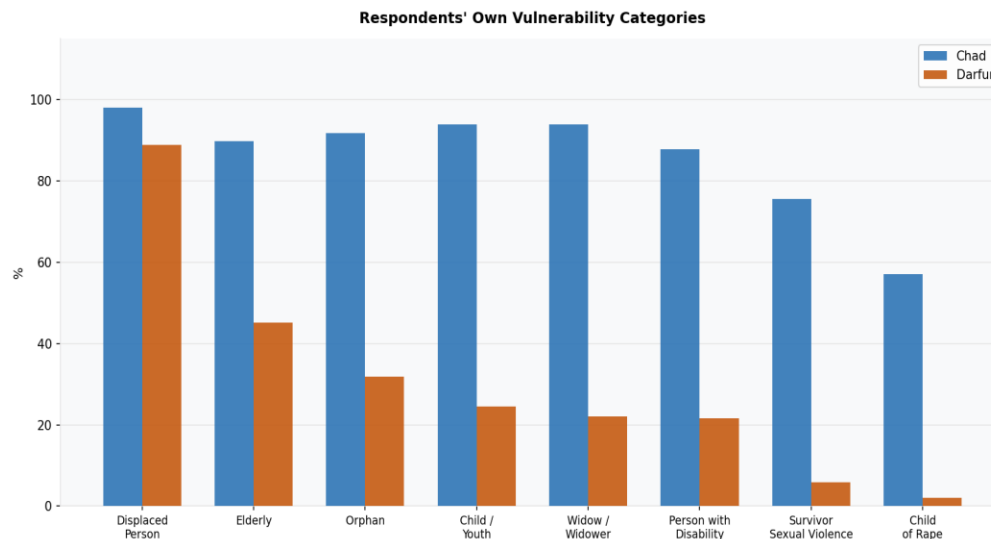
<sup>11</sup> Adam (a/10118/22) "The presence of highway robbers, armed bandits cutting off the roads, and a severe lack of institutional integrity."

## 15. PREVIOUS REPARATION STATUS



## 16. VULNERABILITIES & SPECIAL NEEDS

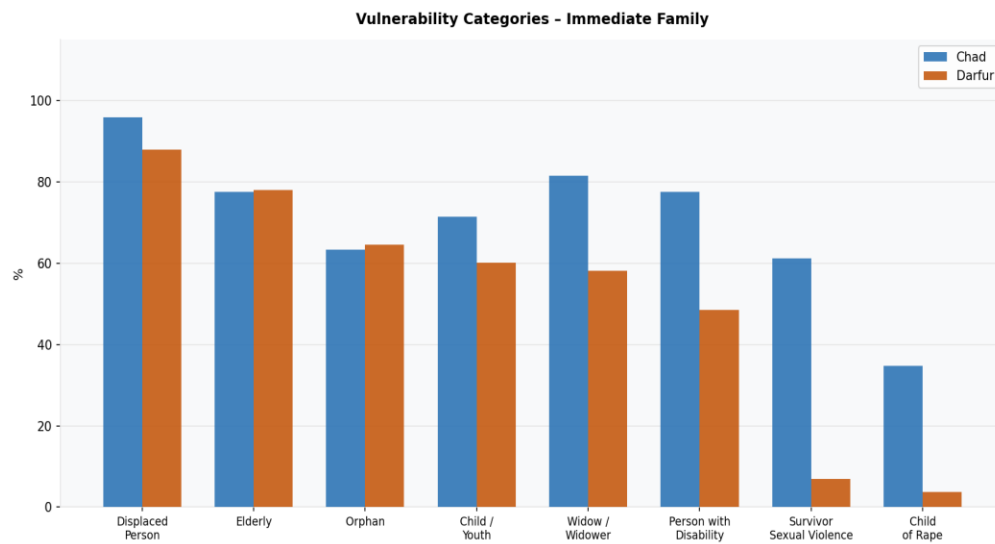
### A. Respondent's Own Vulnerabilities



| Vulnerability Category (Respondent) | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Displaced Person / Refugee          | 98.0%      | 88.9%        |
| Elderly                             | 89.8%      | 45.2%        |
| Orphan                              | 91.8%      | 31.9%        |
| Child or Youth (Under 18)           | 93.9%      | 24.5%        |
| Widow / Widower or Single Parent    | 93.9%      | 22.0%        |
| Person with a Disability            | 87.8%      | 21.6%        |
| Survivor of Sexual Violence         | 75.5%      | 5.8%         |
| Child of Rape                       | 57.1%      | 2.0%         |
| Other                               | 4.1%       | 0.4%         |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

## B. Vulnerabilities Within Immediate Family

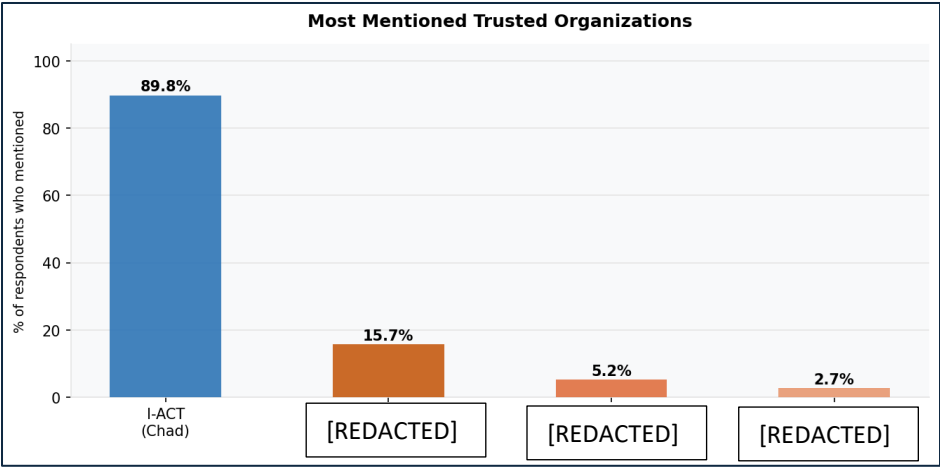


| Vulnerability Category (Immediate Family) | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|-------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Displaced Person / Refugee                | 95.9%      | 87.9%        |
| Elderly                                   | 77.6%      | 78.0%        |
| Orphan                                    | 63.3%      | 64.5%        |
| Widow / Widower or Single Parent          | 71.4%      | 60.2%        |
| Child or Youth (Under 18)                 | 81.6%      | 58.2%        |
| Person with a Disability                  | 77.6%      | 48.5%        |
| Survivor of Sexual Violence               | 61.2%      | 7.0%         |
| Child of Rape                             | 34.7%      | 3.8%         |
| Other                                     | 4.1%       | 0.0%         |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

## 17. TRUSTED ORGANIZATIONS & LEADERSHIP INVOLVEMENT

| Want Organizations Involved? | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Yes                          | 98.0%      | 54.2%        |
| No                           | 2.0%       | 45.8%        |

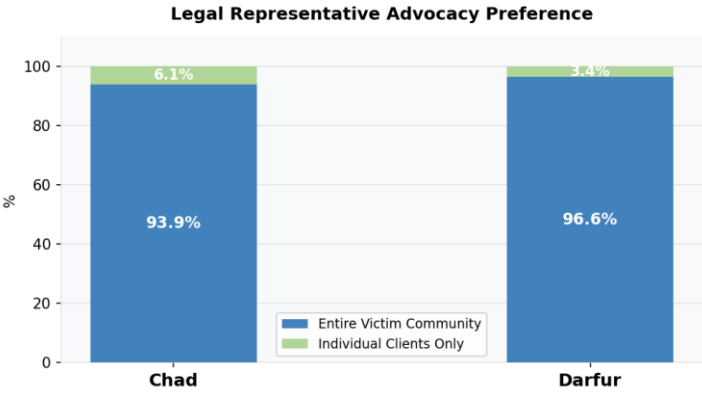


Top Organizations Mentioned

| Survey Group | Organization       | Mentions    | % of Group |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| Chad         | I-ACT Organization | 44 mentions | 89.8%      |
| Darfur       | [REDACTED]         | 70 mentions | 15.7%      |
|              | [REDACTED]         | 23 mentions | 5.2%       |
|              | [REDACTED]         | 12 mentions | 2.7%       |

Note: Percentages sum up to more than 100% as respondents could choose more than one option.

18. LEGAL REPRESENTATION PREFERENCES



| Representation Preference                        | Chad Group | Darfur Group |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| General interests of the entire victim community | 93.9%      | 96.6%        |
| Specific interests of participating victims only | 6.1%       | 3.4%         |

## 19. PRIORITIZATION OF VULNERABLE GROUPS

| Priority Rank | Chad Group (1st Choice)           | Darfur Group (1st Choice)                       |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 1st           | Displaced Persons (53.1%)         | Displaced Persons (39.8%)                       |
| 2nd           | Persons with Disabilities (14.3%) | Persons with Disabilities (22.0%) <sup>12</sup> |
| 3rd           | Children Born of Rape (8.2%)      | Orphans (16.0%)                                 |
| 4th           | Elderly (10.2%)                   | Elderly (12.6%) <sup>13</sup>                   |
| 5th           | Other (2.0%)                      | Widows / Single Parents (3.4%)                  |
| 6th           | --                                | Survivors of Sexual Violence (1.6%)             |
| 7th           | --                                | Children Born of Rape (1.3%)                    |

<sup>12</sup> Ishaq (a/05287/23) "Persons with disabilities must be compensated first, followed by those who lost their fathers and became orphans during the commission of the crimes

<sup>13</sup> Khadidja (a/05176/23) "Because the elderly and the orphans are the ultimate weakness among the community; they have no one to help them and are unable to work or move anywhere".