

ANNEX

Public

**Cour
Pénale
Internationale**



**International
Criminal
Court**

Original: English

No.: ICC-01/14-01/18
Date: 31 October 2025

TRIAL CHAMBER V

Before: Judge Beti Hohler, Presiding Judge
Judge Joanna Korner
Judge Keebong Paek

SITUATION IN CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

***IN THE CASE OF THE PROSECUTOR v. ALFRED YEKATOM AND PATRICE-
EDOUARD NGAÏSSONA***

Public Document

**Request for leave to file submission on reparations issues pursuant to Article 75 of
the Statute**

Source: Queen's University Belfast Human Rights Centre

Document to be notified in accordance with regulation 31 of the *Regulations of the Court* to:

☒ **The Office of the Prosecutor**

☒ **Counsel for the Defence**

Yekatom Defence

Ngaïssona Defence

☒ **Legal Representatives of the Victims**

Common Legal Representatives of
Victims of Other Crimes

☐ **Legal Representatives of the
Applicants**

☐ **Unrepresented Victims**

☐ **Unrepresented Applicants
(Participation/Reparation)**

☒ **The Office of Public Counsel for
Victims**

☐ **The Office of Public Counsel for the
Defence**

☒ **States' Representatives**
Central African Republic

☒ **Amicus Curiae**

REGISTRY

Registrar

M. Zavala Giler, Osvaldo

☐ **Counsel Support Section**

☐ **Victims and Witnesses Unit**

☐ **Detention Section**

☒ **Victims Participation and
Reparations Section**

☒ **Other**

Common Legal Representative of the
Former Child Soldiers

1. On the 8th October 2025 Trial Chamber V issued its 'Order for Submissions on Reparations', invited any interested persons or organisations to make a submission on the follow issues in the the *Prosecutor v Yekatom and Ngaïssona* case:
 - a. estimated total number of direct and indirect victims of the crimes for which Mr Yekatom and Mr Ngaïssona were convicted, who may be potentially eligible for reparations;
 - b. any factual or legal issues relevant to the identification of eligible victims;
 - c. any victims or groups of victims who may require prioritisation in the reparations process;
 - d. specification of the types and extent of the harm suffered by the victims of the crimes for which Mr Yekatom and Mr Ngaïssona were convicted;
 - e. whether recourse to factual presumptions should be considered;
 - f. types and modalities of reparations appropriate to address the harm suffered by the victims of the crimes for which Mr Yekatom and Mr Ngaïssona were convicted;
 - g. estimates as to the costs to repair the harms suffered by the victims in light of the appropriate modalities for repairing them;
 - h. information as to whether the victims of the crimes for which Mr Yekatom and Mr Ngaïssona were convicted have received any form of compensation or reparations for the harm suffered as a result of these crimes;
 - i. any considerations the Chamber should take into account when assessing liability for reparations of each of the convicted persons with respect to the crimes for which both Mr Yekatom and Mr Ngaïssona were convicted;
 - j. information about the numbers of the members of the Muslim population residing at the relevant time in: (i) Bangui, notably in the neighbourhoods of Boeing and Cattin, (ii) the town of Bossangoa, including the Boro neighbourhood, and (iii) the villages along the PK9-Mbaïki axis; and
 - k. any additional information relevant to reparations

2. Queen's University Belfast's Human Rights Centre (HRC) requests leave to file a joint submission on these reparations related issues (f, g, and i) identified by the Chamber.
3. The HRC is part of a publicly funded university in Northern Ireland, which specialises in researching and teaching human rights, international criminal justice and transitional justice. The HRC has over thirty years of experience in researching and providing expert testimony and consultation on reparations to a number of governments, regional courts, and civil society organizations, including the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia, the Inter-American Court of Human Rights, the United Nations and in South Sudan, Northern Ireland, Colombia, Peru, Guatemala, Iraq, Nepal and Uganda. The HRC had previously been granted standing to submit reparations in the *Katanga*, *al-Mahdi*, *Bemba* and *Al Hassan* cases.
4. The HRC submission will draw upon its members experience in numerous jurisdictions in effectively implementing reparations.



Professor Luke Moffett
on behalf of
Queen's University Belfast Human Rights Centre

Dated this 31 October 2025

At Belfast, Northern Ireland